### STATE OF MINNESOTA

# NINETIETH SESSION — 2018

# **NINETY-FIFTH DAY**

# SAINT PAUL, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, MAY 10, 2018

The House of Representatives convened at 10:00 a.m. and was called to order by David Bly, Speaker pro tempore.

Prayer was offered by the Reverend LeeAnne Watkins, St. Mary's Episcopal Church, St. Paul, Minnesota.

The members of the House gave the pledge of allegiance to the flag of the United States of America.

The roll was called and the following members were present:

Albright	Dettmer	Hertaus	Lohmer	O'Driscoll	Scott
Anderson, P.	Drazkowski	Hilstrom	Loon	Olson	Smith
Anderson, S.	Ecklund	Hoppe	Loonan	O'Neill	Sundin
Anselmo	Erickson	Hornstein	Lucero	Pelowski	Swedzinski
Backer	Fabian	Hortman	Lueck	Peppin	Theis
Bahr, C.	Fenton	Howe	Mahoney	Petersburg	Torkelson
Baker	Fischer	Jessup	Marquart	Peterson	Uglem
Barr, R.	Franke	Johnson, B.	Masin	Pierson	Urdahl
Bennett	Franson	Johnson, C.	Maye Quade	Pinto	Vogel
Bernardy	Freiberg	Jurgens	McDonald	Poppe	Wagenius
Bly	Garofalo	Kiel	Metsa	Poston	Ward
Carlson, A.	Green	Knoblach	Miller	Pryor	West
Carlson, L.	Grossell	Koegel	Moran	Pugh	Whelan
Christensen	Gruenhagen	Koznick	Munson	Quam	Wills
Clark	Gunther	Kresha	Murphy, E.	Rarick	Youakim
Considine	Haley	Kunesh-Podein	Murphy, M.	Rosenthal	Zerwas
Daniels	Halverson	Layman	Nash	Runbeck	Spk. Daudt
Davids	Hamilton	Lee	Nelson	Sandstede	
Davnie	Hansen	Lesch	Neu	Sauke	
Dean, M.	Hausman	Liebling	Newberger	Schomacker	
Dehn, R.	Heintzeman	Lien	Nornes	Schultz	

A quorum was present.

Bliss; Johnson, S.; Lillie and Slocum were excused.

Flanagan, Loeffler, Mariani and Omar were excused until 10:35 a.m. Allen and Becker-Finn were excused until 1:00 p.m. Applebaum was excused until 1:10 p.m.

The Chief Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding day. There being no objection, further reading of the Journal was dispensed with and the Journal was approved as corrected by the Chief Clerk.

The Speaker assumed the Chair.

#### REPORTS OF CHIEF CLERK

S. F. No. 1943 and H. F. No. 2475, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be not identical.

Sandstede moved that S. F. No. 1943 be substituted for H. F. No. 2475 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 3000 and H. F. No. 3212, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be identical.

Neu moved that S. F. No. 3000 be substituted for H. F. No. 3212 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 3001 and H. F. No. 3213, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be not identical.

Munson moved that S. F. No. 3001 be substituted for H. F. No. 3213 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 3102 and H. F. No. 3448, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be not identical.

Quam moved that S. F. No. 3102 be substituted for H. F. No. 3448 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 3143 and H. F. No. 3404, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be not identical.

Albright moved that S. F. No. 3143 be substituted for H. F. No. 3404 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

# PETITIONS AND COMMUNICATIONS

The following communication was received:

### STATE OF MINNESOTA OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR SAINT PAUL 55155

May 9, 2018

The Honorable Kurt Daudt Speaker of the House of Representatives The State of Minnesota

Dear Speaker Daudt:

I write to inform you that I have vetoed H. F. No. 3280, the Wild Rice Bill, because it is an extreme overreach that eliminates important protections for wild rice, attempts to exempt Minnesota from the federal Clean Water Act, and ensures ongoing litigation that will prolong, not relieve, the current regulatory uncertainties.

Instead, I urge Legislative Leaders to use the remainder of this Session to bring the different stakeholders together and forge a resolution that respects the federal law, provides regulatory certainty to affected companies and municipalities, and protects our priceless wild rice resource for future generations.

Wild rice is very special to Minnesota. It is essential to the culture and spirituality of many Native American Tribes in our state. In 1973, the state set a 10 mg/L sulfate standard to protect wild rice. That standard has proven to be extremely difficult to implement, due in part to the current costs of sulfate treatment. Furthermore, recent scientific studies have questioned whether the sulfate limit needs to be that low in all wild rice waters to provide the protection it needs.

However, the bill passed this week by the Legislature does not solve the law's implementation challenges or provide regulatory certainty to those industrial and municipal operations affected by it. Instead, it throws out all we have learned about wild rice and sulfate and takes Minnesota backward in our efforts to balance the necessary protections of wild rice with the economic imperatives of jobs and environmentally sound industrial progress.

The bill you have sent to me is in direct conflict with federal law. If enacted, the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency (MPCA) would have to submit scientific evidence to the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) that demonstrates how the state can repeal its current 10 mg/L sulfate standard and still protect wild rice. This puts the Agency in an impossible bind, as the research it conducted – at the direction of the Legislature – demonstrated the need for a sulfate standard to protect the growth of wild rice. Furthermore, if the Agency tried to issue any permits after the Legislature repealed the 10 mg/L standard without EPA approval of that repeal, municipalities and businesses seeking new permits could not expand or modify their discharges, creating additional regulatory limbo and litigation. Without a scientifically defensible basis for the repeal of the existing standard, the EPA should have to rule that it violates the Clean Water Act.

In 2011, the Legislature directed the MPCA to develop a new wild rice standard. Now, however, some Legislators have decided – based upon their own subjective analyses – that they do not like the science. In response, they have attempted to abolish the standard and pretend that it solves the problem.

This Legislature can do better. Minnesotans – including those whose cultural, environmental, and economic interests are invested in this complex issue – deserve much better. I, for one, believe strongly that working together, we can achieve a more ideal, workable, and sustainable solution for all the people of Minnesota.

For these reasons, today I am vetoing H. F. No. 3280 immediately to provide adequate time to resolve this issue during the remainder of this Legislative Session.

Sincerely,

MARK DAYTON Governor

### REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES AND DIVISIONS

Knoblach from the Committee on Ways and Means to which was referred:

H. F. No. 3424, A bill for an act relating to state lands; modifying lease provisions; modifying requirements of public land sales; adding to and deleting from state parks and forests; authorizing certain mixed uses; providing for sales and conveyances of interests in state lands; amending Minnesota Statutes 2016, sections 92.50, by adding a subdivision; 92.502; 94.10, subdivision 2; Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 89.17; Laws 2015, chapter 25, section 7; Laws 2017, chapter 93, article 2, section 155, subdivision 4; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 103F; repealing Laws 2008, chapter 368, article 1, section 21, subdivision 2.

Reported the same back with the following amendments:

Page 4, line 18, delete "legally described as the North 33 feet"

Page 4, line 19, delete the first "of" and insert "in"

Page 10, line 14, delete "must" and insert "has agreed to"

Page 14, after line 12, insert:

### "Sec. 18. CONVEYANCE OF TAX-FORFEITED LAND; SHERBURNE COUNTY.

- (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 282.01, subdivision 1a, and the public sale provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 282, Sherburne County may convey to the city of Big Lake for no consideration the tax-forfeited land described in paragraph (c).
- (b) The land must be conveyed in fee title, subject only to the reservation of mineral rights to the state. The conveyance must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The attorney general may make changes to the land description to correct errors and ensure accuracy.
- (c) The land to be conveyed is located in Sherburne County and is described as: Outlot A, Habitat 1st Addition, Section 30, Township 33, Range 27 (parcel identification 65-451-0010).
- (d) The county has determined that the land is needed by the city of Big Lake to store drainage of surface water and for future use as a park.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment."

Page 14, after line 14, insert:

# "Sec. 20. EFFECTIVE DATE.

Sections 1 to 19 are effective the day following final enactment."

Renumber the sections in sequence

With the recommendation that when so amended the bill be placed on the General Register.

The report was adopted.

Knoblach from the Committee on Ways and Means to which was referred:

H. F. No. 4404, A bill for an act relating to capital investment; authorizing spending to acquire and better public land and buildings and other improvements of a capital nature with certain conditions; modifying previous appropriations; establishing new programs and modifying existing programs; authorizing the sale and issuance of state bonds; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2016, sections 16A.86, subdivision 4; 16B.335, subdivision 1; 462A.37, subdivisions 1, 2, by adding a subdivision; Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, sections 219.016, subdivision 4; 326B.124; 446A.073, by adding a subdivision; 462A.37, subdivision 5; Laws 2009, chapter 93, article 1, section 14, subdivision 3, as amended; Laws 2014, chapter 294, article 1, sections 5, subdivision 3; 21, subdivision 12, as amended; 22, subdivision 5; Laws 2014, chapter 295, section 9; Laws 2015, First Special Session chapter 5, article 1, section 10, subdivision 3, as amended; Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 8, article 1, sections 6, subdivision 6; 15, subdivisions 3, 6, 11, 13; 16, subdivision 7; 17, subdivision 9; 19, subdivision 3; 20, subdivision 21; 21, subdivision 8; 23, subdivision 3; 27; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 446A.

Reported the same back with the following amendments:

Page 21, line 4, delete "114,141,000" and insert "120,141,000"

Page 23, after line 11, insert:

### "Subd. 6. Port Development Assistance

6,000,000

For grants under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 457A. Any improvements made with the proceeds of these grants must be publicly owned.

## Subd. 7. Corridors of Commerce

145,000,000

From the bond proceeds account in the trunk highway fund for the corridors of commerce program under Minnesota Statutes, section 161.088.

The commissioner may use up to 17 percent of the amount for program delivery.

#### Subd. 8. Trunk Highway-Rail Grade Separations

75,000,000

From the bond proceeds account in the trunk highway fund for trunk highway-rail grade separation projects: (1) identified as priority grade separation recommendations in the final report on highway-rail grade crossing improvements submitted under Laws 2014, chapter 312, article 10, section 10; and (2) for which trunk highway bond proceeds are a permissible use.

If any proceeds under this subdivision remain following a determination by the commissioner that sufficient resources have been committed to complete all eligible projects, the remaining amount is available for the corridors of commerce program under Minnesota Statutes, section 161.088.

# Subd. 9. Transportation Facilities Capital

30,000,000

From the bond proceeds account in the trunk highway fund for the transportation facilities capital program under Minnesota Statutes, section 174.13."

- Page 24, line 24, after "design," insert "construct,"
- Page 27, line 16, after "To" insert "design and"
- Page 28, line 13, delete "87,719,000" and insert "81,719,000"
- Page 28, line 21, delete "10,000,000" and insert "4,000,000"
- Page 31, line 24, after the period, insert "The nonstate contribution may be made in-kind. In-kind contributions may include site preparation, whether begun before or after the effective date of this section."
- Page 34, line 5, before the period, insert ", and \$2,000,000 is for a grant to the city of Albertville to design and construct wastewater infrastructure improvements"
  - Page 36, line 15, delete "20,000" and insert "270,000"
  - Page 37, line 8, delete "\$15,880,000" and insert "\$266,130,000"
  - Page 37, line 25, delete "\$1,153,149,000" and insert "\$1,138,524,000"
  - Page 39, after line 18, insert:
  - "Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 16B.35, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 1c. **PFA excluded.** Notwithstanding subdivision 1, an appropriation to the Public Facilities Authority, and project financing provided by the authority from the appropriation, may not include an amount to acquire works of art.

#### Sec. 4. [174.13] TRANSPORTATION FACILITIES CAPITAL PROGRAM.

- <u>Subdivision 1.</u> **Program established.** (a) A transportation facilities capital program is established to prioritize among eligible projects that:
  - (1) support the programmatic mission of the department;
  - (2) extend the useful life of existing buildings; or
  - (3) renovate or construct facilities to meet the department's current and future operational needs.
- (b) Projects under the transportation facilities capital program may be funded by proceeds from the sale of trunk highway bonds or from other funds appropriated for the purposes of this section.
- Subd. 2. Accounts. (a) A transportation facilities capital account is established in the trunk highway fund. The account consists of all money made available from the trunk highway fund for the purposes of this section and any other money donated, allotted, transferred, or otherwise provided to the account by law. Money in the account is appropriated to the commissioner for the purposes specified and consistent with the standards and criteria set forth in this section.

- (b) A transportation facilities capital account is established in the bond proceeds account of the trunk highway fund. The account consists of trunk highway bond proceeds appropriated to the commissioner for the transportation facilities capital program. Money in the account may only be expended on trunk highway purposes, which includes the purposes in this section.
- Subd. 3. **Standards.** (a) The legislature finds that many projects for preservation and replacement of portions of existing capital assets constitute the construction, improvement, and maintenance of the public highway system within the meaning of the Minnesota Constitution, article XIV, section 11, and capital expenditures under generally accepted accounting principles as applied to public expenditures. Projects can be financed more efficiently and economically under the program than by direct appropriations for specific projects.
- (b) When allocating funding under this section, the commissioner must review the projects deemed eligible under subdivision 4 and prioritize allocations using the criteria in subdivision 5. Money allocated to a specific project in an appropriation or other law must be allocated as provided by the law.
- Subd. 4. Eligible expenditures; limitations. (a) A project is eligible under this section only if it is a capital expenditure on a capital building asset owned or to be owned by the state within the meaning of generally accepted accounting principles as applied to public expenditures.
- (b) Capital budget expenditures that are eligible under this section include but are not limited to: (1) acquisition of land and buildings; and (2) the predesign, engineering, construction, furnishing, and equipping of district headquarter buildings, truck stations, salt storage or other unheated storage buildings, deicing and anti-icing facilities, fuel dispensing facilities, highway rest areas, and vehicle weigh and inspection stations.
- Subd. 5. Criteria for priorities. When prioritizing funding allocation among projects eligible under subdivision 4, the commissioner must consider:
  - (1) whether a project ensures the effective and efficient condition and operation of the facility;
  - (2) the urgency in ensuring the safe use of existing buildings;
  - (3) the project's total life-cycle cost;
- (4) additional criteria for priorities otherwise specified in state law, statute, or rule that applies to a category listed in the act making an appropriation for the program; and
  - (5) any other criteria the commissioner deems necessary."

Page 40, after line 2, insert:

"Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 222.49, is amended to read:

# 222.49 RAIL SERVICE IMPROVEMENT ACCOUNTS; APPROPRIATION.

The (a) A rail service improvement account is created in the special revenue fund in the state treasury. The account consists of funds as provided by law, and any other money donated, allotted, transferred, or otherwise provided to the account, excluding bond proceeds as authorized by article XI, section 5, clause (i), of the Minnesota Constitution. All money so deposited is appropriated to the department for expenditure for rail service improvement in accordance with applicable state and federal law. This appropriation shall not lapse but shall be available until the purpose for which it was appropriated has been accomplished.

(b) A rail service improvement account is created in the bond proceeds fund. The account consists of state bond proceeds appropriated to the commissioner. Money in the account may only be expended for the purposes specified in section 222.50 that are permitted under the Minnesota Constitution, article XI, section 5, clause (a) or (i).

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** Notwithstanding the order of enactment, this section does not take effect if Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 222.49, is repealed by another law enacted in the 2018 regular session."

Page 40, delete section 5 and insert:

"Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 446A.073, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Program established.** When money is appropriated for grants under this program, the authority shall award grants up to a maximum of \$7,000,000 \frac{\$9,000,000}{0}\$ to governmental units to cover 80 percent of the cost of water infrastructure projects made necessary by:

- (1) a wasteload reduction prescribed under a total maximum daily load plan required by section 303(d) of the federal Clean Water Act, United States Code, title 33, section 1313(d);
- (2) a phosphorus concentration or mass limit which requires discharging one milligram per liter or less at permitted design flow which is incorporated into a permit issued by the Pollution Control Agency;
- (3) any other water quality-based effluent limit established under section 115.03, subdivision 1, paragraph (e), clause (8), and incorporated into a permit issued by the Pollution Control Agency that exceeds secondary treatment limits; or
- (4) a total nitrogen concentration or mass limit that requires discharging ten milligrams per liter or less at permitted design flow."

Page 41, line 16, delete ", subdivisions 4 and 6"

Page 42, line 5, delete "62" and insert "55"

Page 45, line 8, delete "2c" and insert "2d"

Page 62, delete section 29 and insert:

# "Sec. 32. APPROPRIATION; ANALYZING COSTS AND RATEPAYER IMPACTS OF WATER OUALITY REGULATIONS.

(a) \$500,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$500,000 in fiscal year 2021 are appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of administration for a grant to any Minnesota higher education institution or municipal joint powers organization under Minnesota Statutes, section 471.59, established prior to January 1, 2018, to review water quality regulations and national pollutant discharge elimination system permits. The municipal joint powers organization must be composed of at least 20 cities or sanitary districts located outside the seven-county metropolitan area as defined under Minnesota Statutes, section 473.121, subdivision 2, and must have experience in reviewing water quality regulations and permits. The grant is subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 16B.98. The grantee may select the water quality regulations and permits to be reviewed, but must give preference to reviewing any draft NPDES permit that has new effluent limit requirements for a publicly owned wastewater treatment facility outside the seven-county metropolitan area. Any permit review must analyze the technical accuracy of the permit, the costs to the permittee to comply with the permit, the impact on business and residential rates, the water quality benefit of permit compliance, and the anticipated funding for the permittee from federal and state sources. This appropriation is available until expended.

(b) Upon completion of the permit review, the grantee must provide a copy of the review to the permittee and the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency. The grantee must also submit a report summarizing its findings in each permit review performed in the previous calendar year to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over capital investment, environmental finance and policy, and job growth."

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Correct the title numbers accordingly

With the recommendation that when so amended the bill be placed on the General Register.

The report was adopted.

# SECOND READING OF HOUSE BILLS

H. F. Nos. 3424 and 4404 were read for the second time.

#### SECOND READING OF SENATE BILLS

S. F. Nos. 1943, 3000, 3001, 3102 and 3143 were read for the second time.

# INTRODUCTION AND FIRST READING OF HOUSE BILLS

The following House Files were introduced:

Kunesh-Podein introduced:

H. F. No. 4495, A bill for an act relating to capital investment; appropriating money for a grant to the city of St. Anthony Village for flood hazard mitigation; authorizing the sale and issuance of state bonds.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Environment and Natural Resources Policy and Finance.

Lien and Marquart introduced:

H. F. No. 4496, A bill for an act relating to capital investment; appropriating money for a rail grade crossing separation in Moorhead at 21st Street South; authorizing the sale and issuance of state bonds.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Transportation Finance.

#### MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

The following messages were received from the Senate:

# Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned:

H. F. No. 1876, A bill for an act relating to data practices; permitting trade associations to access vehicle registration information in certain circumstances; amending Minnesota Statutes 2016, sections 13.6905, subdivision 3; 168.345, subdivision 2.

CAL R. LUDEMAN, Secretary of the Senate

### Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following Senate Files, herewith transmitted:

S. F. Nos. 893, 2869 and 2949.

CAL R. LUDEMAN, Secretary of the Senate

# FIRST READING OF SENATE BILLS

S. F. No. 893, A bill for an act relating to notaries public; enacting the Revised Uniform Law on Notarial Acts, as amended, approved by the National Conference of Commissioners on Uniform State Laws; amending Minnesota Statutes 2016, sections 5.15; 325K.23, subdivision 1; 358.50; 359.01, subdivisions 4, 5, by adding a subdivision; 359.04; 507.24, subdivision 2; 508.48; 508A.48; Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 358.116; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 358; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2016, sections 358.41; 358.42; 358.43; 358.44; 358.45; 358.46; 358.47; 358.48; 358.49; 359.12.

The bill was read for the first time.

Smith moved that S. F. No. 893 and H. F. No. 1609, now on the General Register, be referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 2869, A bill for an act relating to transportation; eliminating a tariff filing requirement for certain motor carriers; amending Minnesota Statutes 2016, sections 174.66; 221.036, subdivisions 1, 3; 221.122, subdivision 1; 221.161, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 221.171, subdivision 1; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 221.161, subdivisions 2, 3, 4.

The bill was read for the first time.

Bahr, C., moved that S. F. No. 2869 and H. F. No. 3282, now on the General Register, be referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 2949, A bill for an act relating to housing; amending requirements for residential leases; amending Minnesota Statutes 2016, sections 504B.111; 504B.206, subdivision 3; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 504B.

The bill was read for the first time.

Omar moved that S. F. No. 2949 and H. F. No. 3582, now on the General Register, be referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison. The motion prevailed.

Peppin moved that the House recess subject to the call of the Chair to meet with the Senate in Joint Convention to elect members of the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota. The motion prevailed.

#### **RECESS**

#### **RECONVENED**

The House reconvened and was called to order by the Speaker.

Kresha was excused between the hours of 10:30 a.m. and 1:10 p.m.

The Sergeant at Arms announced the arrival of the members of the Senate and they were escorted to the seats reserved for them at the front of the Chamber.

#### JOINT CONVENTION

The Speaker of the House, as President of the Joint Convention, called the Joint Convention to order.

Prayer was offered by Pastor Mike Smith, Redeeming Love Lutheran Church, Maplewood, Minnesota.

The roll being called, the following Senators answered to their names: Abeler; Anderson, B., and Anderson, P.

Senator Gazelka moved that further proceedings of the roll call be suspended. The motion prevailed and a quorum was declared present.

# COMMUNICATION FROM THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE FOR CANDIDATES FOR A VACANCY ON THE BOARD OF REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA

May 8, 2018

Dear Speaker Daudt, Majority Leader Gazelka, and Minority Leaders Hortman and Bakk:

Pursuant to Minnesota Statutes 2017, section 137.0246, subdivision 2, and, Joint Rule of the Senate and House 4.01, the Joint Legislative Committee met on May 7, 2018 to consider candidates for vacancy on the University of Minnesota Board of Regents.

The Joint Legislative Committee allowed all candidates who submitted applications to the Legislative Coordinating Commission an opportunity to address the Joint Committee and respond to questions.

After hearing from all candidates, the Joint Legislative Committee voted according to the joint rules of procedure. Based on a unanimous vote from members of the Joint Legislative Committee, we respectfully recommend the following names to the Joint Convention:

First Congressional District: Mary Davenport and Brooks Edwards.

Respectfully submitted,

SENATOR MICHELLE FISCHBACH Co-Chair, Joint Legislative Committee

REPRESENTATIVE BUD NORNES Co-Chair, Joint Legislative Committee

# ELECTION OF A MEMBER TO THE BOARD OF REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA

Pursuant to the Joint Rules of the Senate and House of Representatives, the Joint Convention proceeded to elect a Regent from the First Congressional District.

Mary Davenport and Brooks Edwards were nominated by the Joint Legislative Committee for the First Congressional District Regent for the remainder of the term of Patricia Simmons.

Randy Simonson was nominated by Representative Christensen for the First Congressional District Regent for the remainder of the term of Patricia Simmons.

There being no further nominations, the President declared the nominations closed.

The Secretary called the roll.

# FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT REGENT JOINT ROLL CALL

The following members of the Senate voted for Mary Davenport:

Abeler	Cwodzinski	Frentz	Klein	Newton	Tomassoni
Bakk	Dibble	Hawj	Laine	Pappas	Torres Ray
Bigham	Dziedzic	Hayden	Latz	Rest	Wiger
Carlson	Eaton	Hoffman	Little	Rosen	Wiklund
Champion	Eken	Isaacson	Lourey	Simonson	
Clausen	Franzen	Kent	Marty	Sparks	

The following members of the House of Representatives voted for Mary Davenport:

Bennett	Carlson, A.	Considine	Dehn, R.	Flanagan	Halverson
Bernardy	Carlson, L.	Davids	Ecklund	Freiberg	Hansen
Bly	Clark	Davnie	Fischer	Gunther	Hausman

Hilstrom	Lee	Marquart	Murphy, M.	Poppe	Sundin
Hornstein	Lesch	Masin	Nelson	Pryor	Wagenius
Hortman	Liebling	Maye Quade	Olson	Rosenthal	Ward
Johnson, C.	Lien	Metsa	Omar	Sandstede	Youakim
Koegel	Loeffler	Moran	Pelowski	Sauke	
Kunesh-Podein	Mariani	Murphy, E.	Pinto	Schultz	

Mary Davenport received 86 votes.

The following members of the Senate voted for Randy Simonson:

Anderson, B.	Eichorn	Ingebrigtsen	Lang	Osmek	Weber
Anderson, P.	Fischbach	Jasinski	Limmer	Pratt	Westrom
Benson	Gazelka	Jensen	Mathews	Relph	
Chamberlain	Goggin	Johnson	Miller	Ruud	
Dahms	Hall	Kiffmeyer	Nelson	Senjem	
Draheim	Housley	Koran	Newman	Utke	

The following members of the House of Representatives voted for Randy Simonson:

Albright	Drazkowski	Heintzeman	Loon	O'Neill	Smith
Anderson, P.	Erickson	Hertaus	Loonan	Peppin	Swedzinski
Anderson, S.	Fabian	Hoppe	Lucero	Petersburg	Theis
Anselmo	Fenton	Howe	Lueck	Peterson	Torkelson
Backer	Franke	Jessup	McDonald	Pierson	Uglem
Bahr, C.	Franson	Johnson, B.	Miller	Poston	Urdahl
Baker	Garofalo	Jurgens	Munson	Pugh	Vogel
Barr, R.	Green	Kiel	Nash	Quam	West
Christensen	Grossell	Knoblach	Neu	Rarick	Whelan
Daniels	Gruenhagen	Koznick	Newberger	Runbeck	Wills
Dean, M.	Haley	Layman	Nornes	Schomacker	Zerwas
Dettmer	Hamilton	Lohmer	O'Driscoll	Scott	Pres. Daudt

Randy Simonson received 104 votes.

Senator Cohen voted for Brooks Edwards.

# DECLARATION OF ELECTION

Randy Simonson, having received 104 votes, a majority of the votes cast, was declared elected Regent for the First Congressional District by the President of the Joint Convention, for the remainder of the term of Patricia Simmons.

Senator Gazelka moved that the Joint Convention adjourn. The motion prevailed and the President declared the Joint Convention adjourned.

### **RECONVENED**

The House reconvened and was called to order by the Speaker.

# **CERTIFICATION**

May 10, 2018

To the Governor State of Minnesota

To the Senate State of Minnesota

To the House of Representatives State of Minnesota

This is to certify that the House of Representatives and the Senate in Joint Convention on Thursday, May 10, 2018, have elected as a member of the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota the following member to hold office for the remainder of the term of Patricia Simmons:

Randy Simonson, First Congressional District.

MICHELLE L. FISCHBACH President of the Senate

KURT DAUDT
Speaker of the House of Representatives

Peppin moved that the House recess subject to the call of the Chair. The motion prevailed.

#### **RECESS**

# **RECONVENED**

The House reconvened and was called to order by Speaker pro tempore Garofalo.

Freiberg and Hilstrom were excused for the remainder of today's session.

# ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PURSUANT TO RULE 1.15(c)

A message from the Senate has been received requesting concurrence by the House to amendments adopted by the Senate to the following House Files:

H. F. Nos. 1243 and 3249.

# REPORTS FROM THE COMMITTEE ON RULES AND LEGISLATIVE ADMINISTRATION

Peppin from the Committee on Rules and Legislative Administration, pursuant to rules 1.21 and 3.33, designated the following bills to be placed on the Calendar for the Day for Monday, May 14, 2018 and established a prefiling requirement for amendments offered to the following bills:

H. F. Nos. 3421, 3422 and 3423; S. F. Nos. 3638 and 3245; H. F. Nos. 4404, 3221, 3380, 3799, 4133, 4425, 3666, 3567 and 3759; S. F. No. 3461; H. F. No. 3790; S. F. No. 3000; and H. F. No. 3660.

Peppin from the Committee on Rules and Legislative Administration, pursuant to rules 1.21 and 3.33, designated the following bills to be placed on the Calendar for the Day for Tuesday, May 15, 2018 and established a prefiling requirement for amendments offered to the following bills:

S. F. Nos. 2863, 3673, 2809, 3367, 2675, 2685, 3310, 3143, 2991, 3569, 2683, 3102 and 3480; and H. F. No. 3873.

# **CALENDAR FOR THE DAY**

S. F. No. 2762, A bill for an act relating to human services; modifying the construction project rate for certain nursing facilities; amending Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 256B.434, by adding a subdivision.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 123 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Albright	Bernardy	Dehn, R.	Garofalo	Hertaus	Koegel
Allen	Bly	Dettmer	Green	Hoppe	Koznick
Anderson, P.	Carlson, A.	Drazkowski	Grossell	Hornstein	Kunesh-Podein
Anderson, S.	Carlson, L.	Ecklund	Gruenhagen	Hortman	Layman
Anselmo	Christensen	Erickson	Gunther	Howe	Lee
Backer	Clark	Fabian	Haley	Jessup	Lesch
Bahr, C.	Considine	Fenton	Halverson	Johnson, B.	Liebling
Baker	Daniels	Fischer	Hamilton	Johnson, C.	Lien
Barr, R.	Davids	Flanagan	Hansen	Jurgens	Loeffler
Becker-Finn	Davnie	Franke	Hausman	Kiel	Lohmer
Bennett	Dean, M.	Franson	Heintzeman	Knoblach	Loon

Loonan	Miller	O'Driscoll	Poston	Schultz	Wagenius
Lucero	Moran	Olson	Pryor	Scott	West
Lueck	Munson	O'Neill	Pugh	Smith	Whelan
Mahoney	Murphy, E.	Pelowski	Quam	Sundin	Wills
Mariani	Murphy, M.	Peppin	Rarick	Swedzinski	Youakim
Marquart	Nash	Petersburg	Rosenthal	Theis	Zerwas
Masin	Nelson	Peterson	Runbeck	Torkelson	Spk. Daudt
Maye Quade	Neu	Pierson	Sandstede	Uglem	
McDonald	Newberger	Pinto	Sauke	Urdahl	
Metsa	Nornes	Poppe	Schomacker	Vogel	

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

Swedzinski was excused between the hours of 1:10 p.m. and 1:20 p.m.

S. F. No. 2849 was reported to the House.

Halverson moved to amend S. F. No. 2849 as follows:

Page 3, after line 23, insert:

- "(e) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require a licensed or registered health care provider, or person operating under the authority of the provider, to provide a patient with:
- (1) information that is not medically accurate and appropriate for the patient in the health care provider's reasonable professional judgment; or
- (2) a health care service in a manner that is not evidence-based and appropriate for the patient in the health care provider's reasonable professional judgment."

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

Halverson moved to amend the Halverson amendment to S. F. No. 2849 as follows:

Page 1, after line 9, insert:

- "(f) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit a licensed or registered health care provider, or a person operating under the authority of the provider, from providing a patient with:
- (1) information that is medically accurate and appropriate for the patient in the health care provider's reasonable professional judgment; or
- (2) a health care service in a manner that is evidence-based and appropriate for the patient in the health care provider's reasonable professional judgment."

The motion did not prevail and the amendment to the amendment was not adopted.

The question recurred on the Halverson amendment and the roll was called. There were 48 yeas and 79 nays as follows:

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Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Allen	Clark	Hansen	Lesch	Metsa	Pryor
Anselmo	Considine	Hausman	Liebling	Moran	Rosenthal
Applebaum	Davnie	Hornstein	Lien	Murphy, E.	Sauke
Becker-Finn	Dehn, R.	Hortman	Loeffler	Nelson	Schultz
Bernardy	Ecklund	Johnson, C.	Mahoney	Olson	Sundin
Bly	Fischer	Koegel	Mariani	Omar	Wagenius
Carlson, A.	Flanagan	Kunesh-Podein	Masin	Pinto	Ward
Carlson, L.	Halverson	Lee	Maye Quade	Poppe	Youakim

Those who voted in the negative were:

Albright	Erickson	Hoppe	Lueck	Petersburg	Torkelson
Anderson, P.	Fabian	Howe	Marquart	Peterson	Uglem
Anderson, S.	Fenton	Jessup	McDonald	Pierson	Urdahl
Backer	Franke	Johnson, B.	Miller	Poston	Vogel
Bahr, C.	Franson	Jurgens	Munson	Pugh	West
Baker	Garofalo	Kiel	Murphy, M.	Quam	Whelan
Barr, R.	Green	Knoblach	Nash	Rarick	Wills
Bennett	Grossell	Koznick	Neu	Runbeck	Zerwas
Christensen	Gruenhagen	Kresha	Newberger	Sandstede	Spk. Daudt
Daniels	Gunther	Layman	Nornes	Schomacker	
Davids	Haley	Lohmer	O'Driscoll	Scott	
Dean, M.	Hamilton	Loon	O'Neill	Smith	
Dettmer	Heintzeman	Loonan	Pelowski	Swedzinski	
Drazkowski	Hertaus	Lucero	Peppin	Theis	

The motion did not prevail and the amendment was not adopted.

S. F. No. 2849, A bill for an act relating to health; requiring physicians to allow viewing of ultrasound imaging prior to an abortion; amending Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 145.4242.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 79 yeas and 48 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Albright	Davids	Green	Jessup	Loonan	Newberger
Anderson, P.	Dean, M.	Grossell	Johnson, B.	Lucero	Nornes
Anderson, S.	Dettmer	Gruenhagen	Jurgens	Lueck	O'Driscoll
Backer	Drazkowski	Gunther	Kiel	Marquart	O'Neill
Bahr, C.	Erickson	Haley	Knoblach	McDonald	Pelowski
Baker	Fabian	Hamilton	Koznick	Miller	Peppin
Barr, R.	Fenton	Heintzeman	Kresha	Munson	Petersburg
Bennett	Franke	Hertaus	Layman	Murphy, M.	Peterson
Christensen	Franson	Hoppe	Lohmer	Nash	Pierson
Daniels	Garofalo	Howe	Loon	Neu	Poston

Pugh	Sandstede	Swedzinski	Urdahl	Wills
Quam	Schomacker	Theis	Vogel	Zerwas
Rarick	Scott	Torkelson	West	Spk. Daudt
Runbeck	Smith	Hølem	Whelan	•

Those who voted in the negative were:

Allen	Clark	Hansen	Lesch	Metsa	Pryor
Anselmo	Considine	Hausman	Liebling	Moran	Rosenthal
Applebaum	Davnie	Hornstein	Lien	Murphy, E.	Sauke
Becker-Finn	Dehn, R.	Hortman	Loeffler	Nelson	Schultz
Bernardy	Ecklund	Johnson, C.	Mahoney	Olson	Sundin
Bly	Fischer	Koegel	Mariani	Omar	Wagenius
Carlson, A.	Flanagan	Kunesh-Podein	Masin	Pinto	Ward
Carlson, L.	Halverson	Lee	Maye Quade	Poppe	Youakim

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

The Speaker resumed the Chair.

S. F. No. 614, A bill for an act relating to health licensing; modifying the Minnesota Athletic Trainers Act and Minnesota Psychology Practice Act; amending Minnesota Statutes 2016, sections 148.7802, subdivisions 2, 3, 6, 9; 148.7803; 148.7804; 148.7805, subdivisions 1, 3; 148.7806; 148.7808, subdivision 1; 148.7809, subdivisions 1, 2, 4; 148.7810, subdivisions 1, 3; 148.7811; 148.7812, subdivisions 1, 2, 4; 148.7813, subdivision 5; 148.7815; 148.915; Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 148.925, subdivisions 5, 6; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2016, sections 148.7808, subdivisions 3, 4, 5; 148.7812, subdivisions 3, 5.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 123 yeas and 4 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Albright Allen Anderson, P. Anderson, S. Anselmo Applebaum Backer Bahr, C. Baker Barr, R. Becker-Finn Bennett Bernardy Bly Carlson, A. Carlson, L. Christensen	Considine Daniels Davids Davnie Dean, M. Dehn, R. Dettmer Ecklund Erickson Fabian Fenton Fischer Flanagan Franke Franson Garofalo Green	Gruenhagen Gunther Haley Halverson Hamilton Hansen Hausman Heintzeman Hertaus Hoppe Hornstein Hortman Howe Jessup Johnson, B. Johnson, C. Jurgens	Knoblach Koegel Koznick Kresha Kunesh-Podein Layman Lee Lesch Liebling Lien Loeffler Lohmer Loon Loonan Lueck Mahoney Mariani	Masin Maye Quade McDonald Metsa Miller Moran Murphy, E. Murphy, M. Nash Nelson Neu Newberger Nornes O'Driscoll Olson Omar O'Neill	Petersburg Peterson Pierson Pinto Poppe Poston Pryor Pugh Quam Rarick Rosenthal Runbeck Sandstede Sauke Schomacker Schultz Scott
,	Green Grossell	,	,	O'Neill Pelowski	Scott Smith

Sundin Torkelson Vogel West Youakim Swedzinski Uglem Wagenius Whelan Zerwas Theis Urdahl Ward Wills Spk. Daudt

Those who voted in the negative were:

Drazkowski Lucero Munson Peppin

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

S. F. No. 2578 was reported to the House.

Franke moved to amend S. F. No. 2578, the second engrossment, as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert the following language of H. F. No. 3479, the first engrossment:

# "ARTICLE 1 CONTROLLED-SUBSTANCE RELATED CHANGES

- Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 152.02, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Schedule I.** (a) Schedule I consists of the substances listed in this subdivision.
- (b) Opiates. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any of the following substances, including their analogs, isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters, and ethers, whenever the existence of the analogs, isomers, esters, ethers, and salts is possible:
  - (1) acetylmethadol;
    (2) allylprodine;
    (3) alphacetylmethadol (except levo-alphacetylmethadol, also known as levomethadyl acetate);
    (4) alphameprodine;
    (5) alphamethadol;
    (6) alpha-methylfentanyl benzethidine;
  - (7) betacetylmethadol;
  - (8) betameprodine;
  - (9) betamethadol;
  - (10) betaprodine;
  - (11) clonitazene;

(12) dextromoramide;
(13) diampromide;
(14) diethyliambutene;
(15) difenoxin;
(16) dimenoxadol;
(17) dimepheptanol;
(18) dimethyliambutene;
(19) dioxaphetyl butyrate;
(20) dipipanone;
(21) ethylmethylthiambutene;
(22) etonitazene;
(23) etoxeridine;
(24) furethidine;
(25) hydroxypethidine;
(26) ketobemidone;
(27) levomoramide;
(28) levophenacylmorphan;
(29) 3-methylfentanyl;
(30) acetyl-alpha-methylfentanyl;
(31) alpha-methylthiofentanyl;
(32) benzylfentanyl beta-hydroxyfentanyl;
(33) beta-hydroxy-3-methylfentanyl;
(34) 3-methylthiofentanyl;
(35) thenylfentanyl;
(36) thiofentanyl;
(37) para-fluorofentanyl;

(38) morpheridine;
(39) 1-methyl-4-phenyl-4-propionoxypiperidine;
(40) noracymethadol;
(41) norlevorphanol;
(42) normethadone;
(43) norpipanone;
(44) 1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-phenyl-4-acetoxypiperidine (PEPAP);
(45) phenadoxone;
(46) phenampromide;
(47) phenomorphan;
(48) phenoperidine;
(49) piritramide;
(50) proheptazine;
(51) properidine;
(52) propiram;
(53) racemoramide;
(54) tilidine;
(55) trimeperidine;
(56) N-(1-Phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylacetamide (acetyl fentanyl);
(57) 3,4-dichloro-N-[(1R,2R)-2-(dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]-N-methylbenzamide(U47700); and
(58) N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)piperidin-4-yl]furan-2-carboxamide(furanylfentanyl)-; and
(59) 4-(4-bromophenyl)-4-dimethylamino-1-phenethylcyclohexanol (bromadol).
(c) Opium derivatives. Any of the following substances, their analogs, salts, isomers, and salts of isomers specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, whenever the existence of the analogs, salts omers, and salts of isomers is possible:
(1) acetorphine;
(2) acetyldihydrocodeine;

(3) benzylmorphine;
(4) codeine methylbromide;
(5) codeine-n-oxide;
(6) cyprenorphine;
(7) desomorphine;
(8) dihydromorphine;
(9) drotebanol;
(10) etorphine;
(11) heroin;
(12) hydromorphinol;
(13) methyldesorphine;
(14) methyldihydromorphine;
(15) morphine methylbromide;
(16) morphine methylsulfonate;
(17) morphine-n-oxide;
(18) myrophine;
(19) nicocodeine;
(20) nicomorphine;
(21) normorphine;
(22) pholcodine; and
(23) thebacon.
(d) Hallucinogens. Any material, compound, mixture or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances, their analogs, salts, isomers (whether optical, positional, or geometric), and salts of isomers unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, whenever the existence of the analogs, salts isomers, and salts of isomers is possible:

- (1) methylenedioxy amphetamine;
- (2) methylenedioxymethamphetamine;

- (3) methylenedioxy-N-ethylamphetamine (MDEA); (4) n-hydroxy-methylenedioxyamphetamine; (5) 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine (DOB); (6) 2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine (2,5-DMA); (7) 4-methoxyamphetamine; (8) 5-methoxy-3, 4-methylenedioxyamphetamine; (9) alpha-ethyltryptamine; (10) bufotenine; (11) diethyltryptamine; (12) dimethyltryptamine; (13) 3,4,5-trimethoxyamphetamine; (14) 4-methyl-2, 5-dimethoxyamphetamine (DOM); (15) ibogaine; (16) lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD); (17) mescaline; (18) parahexyl;
- (22) psilocyn;

(21) psilocybin;

(23) tenocyclidine (TPCP or TCP);

(19) N-ethyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;

(20) N-methyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;

- (24) N-ethyl-1-phenyl-cyclohexylamine (PCE);
- (25) 1-(1-phenylcyclohexyl) pyrrolidine (PCPy);
- (26) 1-[1-(2-thienyl)cyclohexyl]-pyrrolidine (TCPy);
- (27) 4-chloro-2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine (DOC);
- (28) 4-ethyl-2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine (DOET);

- (29) 4-iodo-2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine (DOI);
- (30) 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (2C-B);
- (31) 4-chloro-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (2C-C);
- (32) 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (2C-D);
- (33) 4-ethyl-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (2C-E);
- (34) 4-iodo-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (2C-I);
- (35) 4-propyl-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (2C-P);
- (36) 4-isopropylthio-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (2C-T-4);
- (37) 4-propylthio-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (2C-T-7);
- (38) 2-(8-bromo-2,3,6,7-tetrahydrofuro [2,3-f][1]benzofuran-4-yl)ethanamine (2-CB-FLY);
- (39) bromo-benzodifuranyl-isopropylamine (Bromo-DragonFLY);
- (40) alpha-methyltryptamine (AMT);
- (41) N,N-diisopropyltryptamine (DiPT);
- (42) 4-acetoxy-N,N-dimethyltryptamine (4-AcO-DMT);
- (43) 4-acetoxy-N,N-diethyltryptamine (4-AcO-DET);
- (44) 4-hydroxy-N-methyl-N-propyltryptamine (4-HO-MPT);
- (45) 4-hydroxy-N,N-dipropyltryptamine (4-HO-DPT);
- (46) 4-hydroxy-N,N-diallyltryptamine (4-HO-DALT);
- (47) 4-hydroxy-N,N-diisopropyltryptamine (4-HO-DiPT);
- (48) 5-methoxy-N,N-diisopropyltryptamine (5-MeO-DiPT);
- (49) 5-methoxy-α-methyltryptamine (5-MeO-AMT);
- (50) 5-methoxy-N,N-dimethyltryptamine (5-MeO-DMT);
- (51) 5-methylthio-N,N-dimethyltryptamine (5-MeS-DMT);
- (52) 5-methoxy-N-methyl-N-isopropyltryptamine (5-MeO-MiPT);
- (53) 5-methoxy-α-ethyltryptamine (5-MeO-AET);
- (54) 5-methoxy-N,N-dipropyltryptamine (5-MeO-DPT);

- (55) 5-methoxy-N,N-diethyltryptamine (5-MeO-DET);
- (56) 5-methoxy-N,N-diallyltryptamine (5-MeO-DALT);
- (57) methoxetamine (MXE);
- (58) 5-iodo-2-aminoindane (5-IAI);
- (59) 5,6-methylenedioxy-2-aminoindane (MDAI);
- (60) 2-(4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-N-(2-methoxybenzyl)ethanamine (25B-NBOMe);
- (61) 2-(4-chloro-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-N-(2-methoxybenzyl)ethanamine (25C-NBOMe);
- (62) 2-(4-iodo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-N-(2-methoxybenzyl)ethanamine (25I-NBOMe);
- (63) 2-(2,5-Dimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine (2C-H);
- (64) 2-(4-Ethylthio-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine (2C-T-2);
- (65) N,N-Dipropyltryptamine (DPT);
- (66) 3-[1-(Piperidin-1-yl)cyclohexyl]phenol (3-HO-PCP);
- (67) N-ethyl-1-(3-methoxyphenyl)cyclohexanamine (3-MeO-PCE);
- (68) 4-[1-(3-methoxyphenyl)cyclohexyl]morpholine (3-MeO-PCMo);
- (69) 1-[1-(4-methoxyphenyl)cyclohexyl]-piperidine (methoxydine, 4-MeO-PCP);
- (70) 2-(2-Chlorophenyl)-2-(ethylamino)cyclohexan-1-one (N-Ethylnorketamine, ethketamine, NENK);
- (71) methylenedioxy-N,N-dimethylamphetamine (MDDMA);
- (72) 3-(2-Ethyl(methyl)aminoethyl)-1H-indol-4-yl (4-AcO-MET); and
- (73) 2-Phenyl-2-(methylamino)cyclohexanone (deschloroketamine).
- (e) Peyote. All parts of the plant presently classified botanically as Lophophora williamsii Lemaire, whether growing or not, the seeds thereof, any extract from any part of the plant, and every compound, manufacture, salts, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the plant, its seeds or extracts. The listing of peyote as a controlled substance in Schedule I does not apply to the nondrug use of peyote in bona fide religious ceremonies of the American Indian Church, and members of the American Indian Church are exempt from registration. Any person who manufactures peyote for or distributes peyote to the American Indian Church, however, is required to obtain federal registration annually and to comply with all other requirements of law.
- (f) Central nervous system depressants. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances, their analogs, salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of the analogs, salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible:

(1) mecloqualone;
(2) methaqualone;
(3) gamma-hydroxybutyric acid (GHB), including its esters and ethers;
(4) flunitrazepam; and
(5) 2-(2-Methoxyphenyl)-2-(methylamino)cyclohexanone (2-MeO-2-deschloroketamine, methoxyketamine).
(g) Stimulants. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material compound xture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances, their analogs, salts, isomers, and ts of isomers whenever the existence of the analogs, salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible:
(1) aminorex;
(2) cathinone;
(3) fenethylline;
(4) methcathinone;
(5) methylaminorex;
(6) N,N-dimethylamphetamine;
(7) N-benzylpiperazine (BZP);
(8) methylmethcathinone (mephedrone);
(9) 3,4-methylenedioxy-N-methylcathinone (methylone);
(10) methoxymethcathinone (methedrone);
(11) methylenedioxypyrovalerone (MDPV);
(12) 3-fluoro-N-methylcathinone (3-FMC);
(13) methylethcathinone (MEC);
(14) 1-benzofuran-6-ylpropan-2-amine (6-APB);
(15) dimethylmethcathinone (DMMC);
(16) fluoroamphetamine;
(17) fluoromethamphetamine;
(18) α-methylaminobutyrophenone (MABP or buphedrone);
(19) 1-(1.3-benzodioxol-5-vl)-2-(methylamino)butan-1-one (butylone):

- (20) 2-(methylamino)-1-(4-methylphenyl)butan-1-one (4-MEMABP or BZ-6378);
- (21) 1-(naphthalen-2-yl)-2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl) pentan-1-one (naphthylpyrovalerone or naphyrone);
- (22) (alpha-pyrrolidinopentiophenone (alpha-PVP);
- (23) (RS)-1-(4-methylphenyl)-2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-1-hexanone (4-Me-PHP or MPHP);
- (24) 2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-hexanophenone (Alpha-PHP);
- (25) 4-methyl-N-ethylcathinone (4-MEC);
- (26) 4-methyl-alpha-pyrrolidinopropiophenone (4-MePPP);
- (27) 2-(methylamino)-1-phenylpentan-1-one (pentedrone);
- (28) 1-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(methylamino)pentan-1-one (pentylone);
- (29) 4-fluoro-N-methylcathinone (4-FMC);
- (30) 3,4-methylenedioxy-N-ethylcathinone (ethylone);
- (31) alpha-pyrrolidinobutiophenone ( $\alpha$ -PBP);
- (32) 5-(2-Aminopropyl)-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran (5-APDB);
- (33) 1-phenyl-2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-1-heptanone (PV8);
- (34) 6-(2-Aminopropyl)-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran (6-APDB);
- (35) 4-methyl-alpha-ethylaminopentiophenone (4-MEAPP);
- (36) 4'-chloro-alpha-pyrrolidinopropiophenone (4'-chloro-PPP);
- (37) 1-(1,3-Benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(dimethylamino)butan-1-one (dibutylone, bk-DMBDB); and
- (38) 1-(3-chlorophenyl) piperazine (meta-chlorophenylpiperazine or mCPP); and
- (38) (39) any other substance, except bupropion or compounds listed under a different schedule, that is structurally derived from 2-aminopropan-1-one by substitution at the 1-position with either phenyl, naphthyl, or thiophene ring systems, whether or not the compound is further modified in any of the following ways:
- (i) by substitution in the ring system to any extent with alkyl, alkylenedioxy, alkoxy, haloalkyl, hydroxyl, or halide substituents, whether or not further substituted in the ring system by one or more other univalent substituents;
  - (ii) by substitution at the 3-position with an acyclic alkyl substituent;
  - (iii) by substitution at the 2-amino nitrogen atom with alkyl, dialkyl, benzyl, or methoxybenzyl groups; or
  - (iv) by inclusion of the 2-amino nitrogen atom in a cyclic structure.

- (h) Marijuana, tetrahydrocannabinols, and synthetic cannabinoids. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any natural or synthetic material, compound, mixture, or preparation that contains any quantity of the following substances, their analogs, isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters, and ethers, whenever the existence of the isomers, esters, ethers, or salts is possible:
  - (1) marijuana;
- (2) tetrahydrocannabinols naturally contained in a plant of the genus Cannabis, synthetic equivalents of the substances contained in the cannabis plant or in the resinous extractives of the plant, or synthetic substances with similar chemical structure and pharmacological activity to those substances contained in the plant or resinous extract, including, but not limited to, 1 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, 6 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and 3,4 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol;
  - (3) synthetic cannabinoids, including the following substances:
- (i) Naphthoylindoles, which are any compounds containing a 3-(1-napthoyl)indole structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group, whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent. Examples of naphthoylindoles include, but are not limited to:
  - (A) 1-Pentyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (JWH-018 and AM-678);
  - (B) 1-Butyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (JWH-073);
  - (C) 1-Pentyl-3-(4-methoxy-1-naphthoyl)indole (JWH-081);
  - (D) 1-[2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl]-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (JWH-200);
  - (E) 1-Propyl-2-methyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (JWH-015);
  - (F) 1-Hexyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (JWH-019);
  - (G) 1-Pentyl-3-(4-methyl-1-naphthoyl)indole (JWH-122);
  - (H) 1-Pentyl-3-(4-ethyl-1-naphthoyl)indole (JWH-210);
  - (I) 1-Pentyl-3-(4-chloro-1-naphthoyl)indole (JWH-398);
  - (J) 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (AM-2201).
- (ii) Napthylmethylindoles, which are any compounds containing a 1H-indol-3-yl-(1-naphthyl)methane structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group, whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent. Examples of naphthylmethylindoles include, but are not limited to:
  - (A) 1-Pentyl-1H-indol-3-yl-(1-naphthyl)methane (JWH-175);
  - (B) 1-Pentyl-1H-indol-3-yl-(4-methyl-1-naphthyl)methane (JWH-184).

- (iii) Naphthoylpyrroles, which are any compounds containing a 3-(1-naphthoyl)pyrrole structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the pyrrole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group whether or not further substituted in the pyrrole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent. Examples of naphthoylpyrroles include, but are not limited to, (5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-pentylpyrrol-3-yl)-naphthalen-1-ylmethanone (JWH-307).
- (iv) Naphthylmethylindenes, which are any compounds containing a naphthylideneindene structure with substitution at the 3-position of the indene ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group whether or not further substituted in the indene ring to any extent, whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent. Examples of naphthylemethylindenes include, but are not limited to, E-1-[1-(1-naphthalenylmethylene)-1H-inden-3-yl]pentane (JWH-176).
- (v) Phenylacetylindoles, which are any compounds containing a 3-phenylacetylindole structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted in the phenyl ring to any extent. Examples of phenylacetylindoles include, but are not limited to:
  - (A) 1-(2-cyclohexylethyl)-3-(2-methoxyphenylacetyl)indole (RCS-8);
  - (B) 1-pentyl-3-(2-methoxyphenylacetyl)indole (JWH-250);
  - (C) 1-pentyl-3-(2-methylphenylacetyl)indole (JWH-251);
  - (D) 1-pentyl-3-(2-chlorophenylacetyl)indole (JWH-203).
- (vi) Cyclohexylphenols, which are compounds containing a 2-(3-hydroxycyclohexyl)phenol structure with substitution at the 5-position of the phenolic ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group whether or not substituted in the cyclohexyl ring to any extent. Examples of cyclohexylphenols include, but are not limited to:
  - (A) 5-(1,1-dimethylheptyl)-2-[(1R,3S)-3-hydroxycyclohexyl]-phenol (CP 47,497);
- (B) 5-(1,1-dimethyloctyl)-2-[(1R,3S)-3-hydroxycyclohexyl]-phenol (Cannabicyclohexanol or CP 47,497 C8 homologue);
  - (C) 5-(1,1-dimethylheptyl)-2-[(1R,2R)-5-hydroxy-2-(3-hydroxypropyl)cyclohexyl] -phenol (CP 55,940).
- (vii) Benzoylindoles, which are any compounds containing a 3-(benzoyl)indole structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the phenyl ring to any extent. Examples of benzoylindoles include, but are not limited to:
  - (A) 1-Pentyl-3-(4-methoxybenzoyl)indole (RCS-4);
  - (B) 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-3-(2-iodobenzoyl)indole (AM-694);
  - (C) (4-methoxyphenyl-[2-methyl-1-(2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl)indol-3-yl]methanone (WIN 48,098 or Pravadoline).

- (viii) Others specifically named:
- (A) (6aR,10aR)-9-(hydroxymethyl)-6,6-dimethyl-3-(2-methyloctan-2-yl) -6a,7,10,10a-tetrahydrobenzo[c]chromen-1-ol (HU-210);
- (B) (6aS,10aS)-9-(hydroxymethyl)-6,6-dimethyl-3-(2-methyloctan-2-yl) -6a,7,10,10a-tetrahydrobenzo[c]chromen-1-ol (Dexanabinol or HU-211);
- (C) 2,3-dihydro-5-methyl-3-(4-morpholinylmethyl)pyrrolo[1,2,3-de] -1,4-benzoxazin-6-yl-1-naphthalenylmethanone (WIN 55,212-2);
  - (D) (1-pentylindol-3-yl)-(2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropyl)methanone (UR-144);
  - (E) (1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indol-3-yl)(2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropyl)methanone (XLR-11);
  - (F) 1-pentyl-N-tricyclo[3.3.1.13,7]dec-1-yl-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide (AKB-48(APINACA));
  - (G) N-((3s,5s,7s)-adamantan-1-yl)-1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide (5-Fluoro-AKB-48);
  - (H) 1-pentyl-8-quinolinyl ester-1H-indole-3-carboxylic acid (PB-22);
  - (I) 8-quinolinyl ester-1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxylic acid (5-Fluoro PB-22);
  - (J) N-[(1S)-1-(aminocarbonyl)-2-methylpropyl]-1-pentyl-1H-indazole- 3-carboxamide (AB-PINACA);
- (K) N-[(1S)-1-(aminocarbonyl)-2-methylpropyl]-1-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]- 1H-indazole-3-carboxamide (AB-FUBINACA);
  - (L) N-[(1S)-1-(aminocarbonyl)-2-methylpropyl]-1-(cyclohexylmethyl)-1H- indazole-3-carboxamide(AB-CHMINACA);
  - (M) (S)-methyl 2-(1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamido)-3- methylbutanoate (5-fluoro-AMB);
  - (N) [1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indazol-3-yl](naphthalen-1-yl) methanone (THJ-2201);
  - (O) (1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazol-2-yl)(naphthalen-1-yl)methanone) (FUBIMINA);
- (P) (7-methoxy-1-(2-morpholinoethyl)-N-((1S,2S,4R)-1,3,3-trimethylbicyclo [2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamide (MN-25 or UR-12);
  - (Q) (S)-N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(5-fluoropentyl) -1H-indole-3-carboxamide (5-fluoro-ABICA);
  - (R) N-(1-amino-3-phenyl-1-oxopropan-2-yl)-1-(5-fluoropentyl) -1H-indole-3-carboxamide;
  - (S) N-(1-amino-3-phenyl-1-oxopropan-2-yl)-1-(5-fluoropentyl) -1H-indazole-3-carboxamide;
  - (T) methyl 2-(1-(cyclohexylmethyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamido) -3,3-dimethylbutanoate;
- (U) N-(1-amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1(cyclohexylmethyl)-1 H-indazole-3-carboxamide (MAB-CHMINACA);
  - (V) N-(1-Amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxo-2-butanyl)-1-pentyl-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide (ADB-PINACA);

- (W) methyl (1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1H-indazole-3-carbonyl)-L-valinate (FUB-AMB);
- (X) N-[(1S)-2-amino-2-oxo-1-(phenylmethyl)ethyl]-1-(cyclohexylmethyl)-1H-Indazole-3-carboxamide. (APP-CHMINACA);
  - (Y) quinolin-8-yl 1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxylate (FUB-PB-22); and
  - (Z) methyl N-[1-(cyclohexylmethyl)-1H-indole-3-carbonyl]valinate (MMB-CHMICA).
  - (i) A controlled substance analog, to the extent that it is implicitly or explicitly intended for human consumption.
  - Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 152.02, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
  - Subd. 5. Schedule IV. (a) Schedule IV consists of the substances listed in this subdivision.
- (b) Narcotic drugs. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any of the following narcotic drugs, or their salts calculated as the free anhydrous base or alkaloid, in limited quantities as follows:
  - (1) not more than one milligram of difenoxin and not less than 25 micrograms of atropine sulfate per dosage unit;
  - (2) dextropropoxyphene (Darvon and Darvocet);
- (3) 2-[(dimethylamino)methyl]-1-(3-methoxyphenyl)cyclohexanol, its salts, optical and geometric isomers, and salts of these isomers (including tramadol); and
  - (4) eluxadoline::
  - (5) pentazocine; and
  - (6) butorphanol (including its optical isomers).
- (c) Depressants. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any quantity of the following substances, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of the salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible:
  - (1) alfaxalone (5α-pregnan-3α-ol-11,20-dione);(2) alprazolam;
  - (3) barbital;
  - (4) bromazepam;
  - (5) camazepam;
  - (6) carisoprodol;
  - (7) chloral betaine;
  - (8) chloral hydrate;

(9) chlordiazepoxide;
(10) clobazam;
(11) clonazepam;
(12) clorazepate;
(13) clotiazepam;
(14) cloxazolam;
(15) delorazepam;
(16) diazepam;
(17) dichloralphenazone;
(18) estazolam;
(19) ethchlorvynol;
(20) ethinamate;
(21) ethyl loflazepate;
(22) fludiazepam;
(23) flurazepam;
(24) fospropofol;
(25) halazepam;
(26) haloxazolam;
(27) ketazolam;
(28) loprazolam;
(29) lorazepam;
(30) lormetazepam mebutamate;
(31) medazepam;
(32) meprobamate;
(33) methohexital;
(34) methylphenobarbital;

(35) midazolam;
(36) nimetazepam;
(37) nitrazepam;
(38) nordiazepam;
(39) oxazepam;
(40) oxazolam;
(41) paraldehyde;
(42) petrichloral;
(43) phenobarbital;
(44) pinazepam;
(45) prazepam;
(46) quazepam;
(47) suvorexant;
(48) temazepam;
(49) tetrazepam;
(50) triazolam;
(51) zaleplon;
(52) zolpidem;
(53) zopiclone.
(d) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substance cluding its salts, isomers, and salts of such isomers, whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of omers is possible: fenfluramine.
(e) Stimulants. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound exture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant effect on the intral nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers:
(1) cathine (norpseudoephedrine);
(2) diethylpropion;
(3) fencamfamine;

(4) fenproporex;
(5) mazindol;
(6) mefenorex;
(7) modafinil;
(8) pemoline (including organometallic complexes and chelates thereof);
(9) phentermine;
(10) pipradol;
(11) sibutramine;
(12) SPA (1-dimethylamino-1,2-diphenylethane).
(f) lorcaserin.
Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 152.027, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

<u>Subd. 7.</u> <u>Sale or possession of kratom.</u> (a) A person who unlawfully sells any amount of kratom or a substance that contains mitragynine or 7-hydroxymitragynine to a person under the age of 18 is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

(b) A person under the age of 18 who unlawfully possesses any amount of kratom or a substance that contains mitragynine or 7-hydroxymitragynine is guilty of a misdemeanor.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

# ARTICLE 2 SUBSTANTIVE CHANGES TO DWI LAW; INTOXICATING SUBSTANCES

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 169A.03, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 11a. Intoxicating substance. "Intoxicating substance" means a drug or chemical, as those terms are defined in section 151.01, that when introduced into the human body impairs the central nervous system or impairs the human audio, visual, or mental processes. The term does not include alcohol or controlled substances.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 169A.20, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Driving while impaired crime; motor vehicle.** It is a crime for any person to drive, operate, or be in physical control of any motor vehicle, as defined in section 169A.03, subdivision 15, except for motorboats in operation and off-road recreational vehicles, within this state or on any boundary water of this state when:

- (1) the person is under the influence of alcohol;
- (2) the person is under the influence of a controlled substance;

- (3) the person is knowingly under the influence of a hazardous an intoxicating substance that affects the nervous system, brain, or muscles of the person so as to substantially impair the person's ability to drive or operate the motor vehicle;
  - (4) the person is under the influence of a combination of any two or more of the elements named in clauses (1) to (3);
- (5) the person's alcohol concentration at the time, or as measured within two hours of the time, of driving, operating, or being in physical control of the motor vehicle is 0.08 or more;
- (6) the vehicle is a commercial motor vehicle and the person's alcohol concentration at the time, or as measured within two hours of the time, of driving, operating, or being in physical control of the commercial motor vehicle is 0.04 or more; or
- (7) the person's body contains any amount of a controlled substance listed in Schedule I or II, or its metabolite, other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

#### Sec. 3. **REPEALER.**

Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 169A.03, subdivision 9, is repealed.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

# ARTICLE 3 CONFORMING CHANGES TO DWI-RELATED LAWS

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 97B.065, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Acts prohibited. (a) A person may not take wild animals with a firearm or by archery:

- (1) when the person is under the influence of alcohol;
- (2) when the person is under the influence of a controlled substance, as defined in section 152.01, subdivision 4;
- (3) when the person is under the influence of a combination of any two or more of the elements in clauses (1) and (2);
  - (4) when the person's alcohol concentration is 0.08 or more;
  - (5) when the person's alcohol concentration as measured within two hours of the time of taking is 0.08 or more; or
- (6) when the person is knowingly under the influence of any chemical compound or combination of chemical compounds that is listed as a hazardous an intoxicating substance in rules adopted under section 182.655 and that affects the nervous system, brain, or muscles of the person so as to substantially impair the person's ability to operate a firearm or bow and arrow as defined in section 169A.03, subdivision 11a.

- (b) An owner or other person having charge or control of a firearm or bow may not authorize or permit an individual the person knows or has reason to believe is under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance, as provided under paragraph (a), to possess the firearm or bow in this state or on a boundary water of this state.
- (c) A person may not possess a loaded or uncased firearm or an uncased bow afield under any of the conditions in paragraph (a).

#### **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 169A.20, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 1a. **Driving while impaired crime; motorboat in operation.** It is a crime for any person to operate or be in physical control of a motorboat in operation on any waters or boundary water of this state when:
  - (1) the person is under the influence of alcohol;
  - (2) the person is under the influence of a controlled substance;
- (3) the person is knowingly under the influence of a hazardous an intoxicating substance that affects the nervous system, brain, or muscles of the person so as to substantially impair the person's ability to drive or operate the motorboat;
  - (4) the person is under the influence of a combination of any two or more of the elements named in clauses (1) to (3);
- (5) the person's alcohol concentration at the time, or as measured within two hours of the time, of driving, operating, or being in physical control of the motorboat is 0.08 or more; or
- (6) the person's body contains any amount of a controlled substance listed in Schedule I or II, or its metabolite, other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols.

### **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 169A.20, subdivision 1b, is amended to read:
- Subd. 1b. **Driving while impaired crime; snowmobile and all-terrain vehicle.** It is a crime for any person to operate or be in physical control of a snowmobile as defined in section 84.81, subdivision 3, or all-terrain vehicle as defined in section 84.92, subdivision 8, anywhere in this state or on the ice of any boundary water of this state when:
  - (1) the person is under the influence of alcohol;
  - (2) the person is under the influence of a controlled substance;
- (3) the person is knowingly under the influence of a hazardous an intoxicating substance that affects the nervous system, brain, or muscles of the person so as to substantially impair the person's ability to drive or operate the snowmobile or all terrain vehicle;
  - (4) the person is under the influence of a combination of any two or more of the elements named in clauses (1) to (3);
- (5) the person's alcohol concentration at the time, or as measured within two hours of the time, of driving, operating, or being in physical control of the snowmobile or all-terrain vehicle is 0.08 or more; or

(6) the person's body contains any amount of a controlled substance listed in Schedule I or II, or its metabolite, other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols.

### **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 169A.20, subdivision 1c, is amended to read:
- Subd. 1c. **Driving while impaired crime; off-highway motorcycle and off-road vehicle.** It is a crime for any person to operate or be in physical control of any off-highway motorcycle as defined in section 84.787, subdivision 7, or any off-road vehicle as defined in section 84.797, subdivision 7, anywhere in this state or on the ice of any boundary water of this state when:
  - (1) the person is under the influence of alcohol;
  - (2) the person is under the influence of a controlled substance;
- (3) the person is knowingly under the influence of a hazardous an intoxicating substance that affects the nervous system, brain, or muscles of the person so as to substantially impair the person's ability to drive or operate the off highway motorcycle or off road vehicle;
  - (4) the person is under the influence of a combination of any two or more of the elements named in clauses (1) to (3);
- (5) the person's alcohol concentration at the time, or as measured within two hours of the time, of driving, operating, or being in physical control of the off-highway motorcycle or off-road vehicle is 0.08 or more; or
- (6) the person's body contains any amount of a controlled substance listed in Schedule I or II, or its metabolite, other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols.

# **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 169A.45, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Alcohol concentration evidence.** Upon the trial of any prosecution arising out of acts alleged to have been committed by any person arrested for violating section 169A.20 (driving while impaired) or 169A.31 (alcohol-related school bus or Head Start bus driving), the court may admit evidence of the presence or amount of alcohol in the person's blood, breath, or urine as shown by an analysis of those items. In addition, in a prosecution for a violation of section 169A.20, the court may admit evidence of the presence or amount in the person's blood, breath, or urine, as shown by an analysis of those items, of:

- (1) a controlled substance or its metabolite; or
- (2) a hazardous an intoxicating substance.

# **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 169A.51, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Implied consent; conditions; election of test.** (a) Any person who drives, operates, or is in physical control of a motor vehicle within this state or on any boundary water of this state consents, subject to the provisions of sections 169A.50 to 169A.53 (implied consent law), and section 169A.20 (driving while impaired), to a chemical test of that person's blood, breath, or urine for the purpose of determining the presence of alcohol, a controlled substance or its metabolite, or a hazardous an intoxicating substance. The test must be administered at the direction of a peace officer.

- (b) The test may be required of a person when an officer has probable cause to believe the person was driving, operating, or in physical control of a motor vehicle in violation of section 169A.20 (driving while impaired), and one of the following conditions exist:
- (1) the person has been lawfully placed under arrest for violation of section 169A.20 or an ordinance in conformity with it;
- (2) the person has been involved in a motor vehicle accident or collision resulting in property damage, personal injury, or death;
  - (3) the person has refused to take the screening test provided for by section 169A.41 (preliminary screening test); or
  - (4) the screening test was administered and indicated an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more.
- (c) The test may also be required of a person when an officer has probable cause to believe the person was driving, operating, or in physical control of a commercial motor vehicle with the presence of any alcohol.

- Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 169A.51, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Requirement of urine or blood test.** A blood or urine test may be required pursuant to a search warrant under sections 626.04 to 626.18 even after a breath test has been administered if there is probable cause to believe that:
- (1) there is impairment by a controlled substance or a hazardous an intoxicating substance that is not subject to testing by a breath test;
- (2) a controlled substance listed in Schedule I or II or its metabolite, other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, is present in the person's body; or
- (3) the person is unconscious or incapacitated to the point that the peace officer providing a breath test advisory, administering a breath test, or serving the search warrant has a good-faith belief that the person is mentally or physically unable to comprehend the breath test advisory or otherwise voluntarily submit to chemical tests.

Action may be taken against a person who refuses to take a blood test under this subdivision only if a urine test was offered and action may be taken against a person who refuses to take a urine test only if a blood test was offered. This limitation does not apply to an unconscious person under the circumstances described in clause (3).

- Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 169A.51, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. **Requirements for conducting tests; liability.** (a) Only a physician, medical technician, emergency medical technician-paramedic, registered nurse, medical technologist, medical laboratory technician, phlebotomist, laboratory assistant, or other qualified person acting at the request of a peace officer may withdraw blood for the purpose of determining the presence of alcohol, a controlled substance or its metabolite, or a hazardous an intoxicating substance. This limitation does not apply to the taking of a breath or urine sample.
- (b) The person tested has the right to have someone of the person's own choosing administer a chemical test or tests in addition to any administered at the direction of a peace officer; provided, that the additional test sample on behalf of the person is obtained at the place where the person is in custody, after the test administered at the

direction of a peace officer, and at no expense to the state. The failure or inability to obtain an additional test or tests by a person does not preclude the admission in evidence of the test taken at the direction of a peace officer unless the additional test was prevented or denied by the peace officer.

- (c) The physician, medical technician, emergency medical technician-paramedic, medical technologist, medical laboratory technician, laboratory assistant, phlebotomist, registered nurse, or other qualified person drawing blood at the request of a peace officer for the purpose of determining the concentration of alcohol, a controlled substance or its metabolite, or a hazardous an intoxicating substance is in no manner liable in any civil or criminal action except for negligence in drawing the blood. The person administering a breath test must be fully trained in the administration of breath tests pursuant to training given by the commissioner of public safety.
- (d) For purposes of this subdivision, "qualified person" means medical personnel trained in a licensed hospital or educational institution to withdraw blood.

# **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

- Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 169A.52, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Reporting test failure.** (a) If a person submits to a test, the results of that test must be reported to the commissioner and to the authority having responsibility for prosecution of impaired driving offenses for the jurisdiction in which the acts occurred, if the test results indicate:
  - (1) an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more;
- (2) an alcohol concentration of 0.04 or more, if the person was driving, operating, or in physical control of a commercial motor vehicle at the time of the violation; or
- (3) the presence of a controlled substance listed in Schedule I or II or its metabolite, other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols.
- (b) If a person submits to a test and the test results indicate the presence of a hazardous an intoxicating substance, the results of that test must be reported to the authority having responsibility for prosecution of impaired driving offenses for the jurisdiction in which the acts occurred.

# **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 169A.76, is amended to read:

## 169A.76 CIVIL ACTION; PUNITIVE DAMAGES.

- (a) In a civil action involving a motor vehicle accident, it is sufficient for the trier of fact to consider an award of punitive damages if there is evidence that the accident was caused by a driver:
  - (1) with an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more;
  - (2) who was under the influence of a controlled substance;
- (3) who was under the influence of alcohol and refused to take a test required under section 169A.51 (chemical tests for intoxication); or

- (4) who was knowingly under the influence of a hazardous an intoxicating substance that substantially affects the person's nervous system, brain, or muscles so as to impair the person's ability to drive or operate a motor vehicle.
- (b) A criminal charge or conviction is not a prerequisite to consideration of punitive damages under this section. At the trial in an action where the trier of fact will consider an award of punitive damages, evidence that the driver has been convicted of violating section 169A.20 (driving while impaired), 609.2112, 609.2113, or 609.2114 (criminal vehicular homicide or injury) is admissible into evidence.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 360.0752, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** As used in this section and section 360.0753:

- (1) "operate" includes the acts of all crew members with responsibility to operate the aircraft;
- (2) "controlled substance" has the meaning given in section 152.01, subdivision 4; and
- (3) "hazardous substance" means any chemical or chemical compound that is listed as a hazardous substance in rules adopted under chapter 182 "intoxicating substance" has the meaning given in section 169A.03, subdivision 11a.

- Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 360.0752, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Crime; acts prohibited.** (a) It is a crime for any person to operate or attempt to operate an aircraft on or over land or water within this state or over any boundary water of this state under any of the following conditions:
  - (1) when the person is under the influence of alcohol;
  - (2) when the person is under the influence of a controlled substance;
- (3) when the person is under the influence of a combination of any two or more of the elements named in clauses (1), (2), and (6);
  - (4) when the person's alcohol concentration is 0.04 or more;
- (5) when the person's alcohol concentration as measured within two hours of the time of operation or attempted operation is 0.04 or more;
- (6) when the person is knowingly under the influence of a hazardous an intoxicating substance that affects the nervous system, brain, or muscles of the person so as to substantially impair the person's ability to operate the aircraft;
- (7) when the person's body contains any amount of a controlled substance listed in Schedule I or II, other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols; or
  - (8) within eight hours of having consumed any alcoholic beverage or used any controlled substance.

(b) If proven by a preponderance of the evidence, it shall be an affirmative defense to a violation of paragraph (a), clause (7), that the defendant used the controlled substance according to the terms of a prescription issued for the defendant in accordance with sections 152.11 and 152.12.

## **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

- Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 360.0752, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Evidence.** Upon the trial of any prosecution arising out of acts alleged to have been committed by any person arrested for operating or attempting to operate an aircraft in violation of subdivision 2, the court may admit evidence of the presence or amount of alcohol, controlled substances, or hazardous intoxicating substances in the person's blood, breath, or urine as shown by an analysis of those items.

Evidence of the refusal to take a test is admissible into evidence in a prosecution under this section.

If proven by a preponderance of the evidence, it shall be an affirmative defense to a violation of subdivision 2, clause (5), that the defendant consumed a sufficient quantity of alcohol after the time of the violation and before the administration of the evidentiary test to cause the defendant's alcohol concentration to exceed 0.04; provided, that this evidence may not be admitted unless notice is given to the prosecution prior to the omnibus or pretrial hearing in the matter.

The foregoing provisions do not limit the introduction of any other competent evidence bearing upon the question whether or not the person violated this section, including tests obtained more than two hours after the alleged violation and results obtained from partial tests on an infrared breath-testing instrument. A result from a partial test is the measurement obtained by analyzing one adequate breath sample, as defined in section 360.0753, subdivision 4, paragraph (b).

#### **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

- Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 360.0752, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. **Preliminary screening test.** When a peace officer has reason to believe that a person may be violating or has violated subdivision 2, the officer may require the person to provide a sample of the person's breath for a preliminary screening test using a device approved by the commissioner of public safety or the commissioner of transportation for this purpose. The results of this preliminary screening test shall be used for the purpose of deciding whether to require the tests authorized in section 360.0753, but shall not be used in any court action except to prove that a test was properly required of a person pursuant to section 360.0753. Following the screening test, additional tests may be required of the person pursuant to the provisions of section 360.0753.

A person who refuses to furnish a sample of the person's breath is subject to the provisions of section 360.0753 unless, in compliance with section 360.0753, the person submits to a blood, breath, or urine test to determine the presence or amount of alcohol, controlled substances, or hazardous intoxicating substances.

- Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 360.0753, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Implied consent; conditions; election of test.** (a) Any person who operates or attempts to operate an aircraft in or over this state or over any boundary water of this state consents, subject to the provisions of this section and section 360.0752, to a chemical test of that person's blood, breath, or urine for the purpose of determining the presence or amount of alcohol, controlled substances, or <u>hazardous intoxicating</u> substances. The test shall be administered at the direction of a peace officer.

- (b) A test of the person's breath may be required when an officer has probable cause to believe the person was operating or attempting to operate an aircraft in violation of section 360.0752 and one of the following conditions exists:
  - (1) the person has been lawfully placed under arrest for violation of section 360.0752;
- (2) the person has been involved in an aircraft accident or collision resulting in property damage, personal injury, or death;
  - (3) the person has refused to take the screening test provided for by section 360.0752;
- (4) the screening test was administered and recorded an alcohol concentration of 0.04 or more or the presence of a controlled substance listed in Schedule I or II other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols; or
- (5) the officer had probable cause to believe that the person was operating or attempting to operate an aircraft with any amount of alcohol present in the person's body.
- (c) A test of the person's blood or urine may be required by an officer under the conditions described in paragraph (b) if the officer is acting pursuant to a search warrant under sections 626.04 to 626.18.
  - (d) At the time a test is requested, the person shall be informed:
- (1) that Minnesota law requires the person to take a test to determine the presence or amount of alcohol or a controlled substance listed in Schedule I or II other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, or to determine if the person is under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances, or hazardous intoxicating substances;
- (2) that whether a test is taken or refused, the person may be subject to criminal prosecution for an alcohol, controlled substance, or hazardous intoxicating substance-related offense relating to the operation of an aircraft;
- (3) that if testing is refused, the person may be subject to criminal prosecution because the person refused testing and the person will be disqualified from operating an aircraft for a minimum period of one year;
- (4) if the peace officer has probable cause to believe the person has violated the criminal vehicular homicide and injury laws, that pursuant to a search warrant a test will be taken with or without the person's consent; and
- (5) that, in the case of a breath test, the person has the right to consult with an attorney, but that this right is limited to the extent that it cannot unreasonably delay administration of the test.

- Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 360.0753, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. Type of test. (a) A peace officer who directs a test pursuant to this section may direct a breath test.
- (b) A peace officer, acting pursuant to a search warrant, may direct a blood or urine test as provided in the warrant. If the warrant authorizes either a blood or urine test, the officer may direct whether the test is of blood or urine. If the person to whom the test is directed objects to the test, the officer shall offer the person an alternative test of either blood or urine.

- (c) A blood or urine test may be required pursuant to a search warrant even after a breath test has been administered if there is probable cause to believe that: (1) there is impairment by a controlled substance or hazardous an intoxicating substance that is not subject to testing by a breath test; or (2) a controlled substance listed in Schedule I or II, other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, is present in the person's body.
- (d) Action under this section may be taken against a person who refuses to take a blood test only if an alternative test was offered and action may be taken against a person who refuses to take a urine test only if an alternative test was offered.

- Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 360.0753, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. **Manner of making test; additional test.** (a) Only a physician, medical technician, physician's trained mobile intensive care paramedic, registered nurse, medical technologist, or laboratory assistant acting at the request of a peace officer may withdraw blood for the purpose of determining the presence or amount of alcohol, controlled substances, or hazardous intoxicating substances. This limitation does not apply to the taking of a breath or urine sample. The person tested has the right to have someone of the person's own choosing administer a chemical test or tests in addition to any administered at the direction of a peace officer; provided, that the additional test sample on behalf of the person is obtained at the place where the person is in custody, after the test administered at the direction of a peace officer, and at no expense to the state.
- (b) The failure or inability to obtain an additional test or tests by a person shall not preclude the admission in evidence of the test taken at the direction of a peace officer unless the additional test was prevented or denied by the peace officer.
- (c) The physician, medical technician, physician's trained mobile intensive care paramedic, medical technologist, laboratory assistant, or registered nurse drawing blood at the request of a peace officer for the purpose of determining the presence or concentration of alcohol, controlled substances, or hazardous intoxicating substances shall in no manner be liable in any civil or criminal action except for negligence in drawing the blood. The person administering a breath test shall be fully trained in the administration of breath tests pursuant to training given by the commissioner of public safety or the commissioner of transportation.

# **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to acts committed on or after that date.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 609.2111, is amended to read:

#### **609.2111 DEFINITIONS.**

- (a) For purposes of sections 609.2111 to 609.2114, the terms defined in this subdivision have the meanings given them.
- (b) "Motor vehicle" has the meaning given in section 609.52, subdivision 1, and includes attached trailers.
- (c) "Controlled substance" has the meaning given in section 152.01, subdivision 4.
- (d) "Hazardous substance" means any chemical or chemical compound that is listed as a hazardous substance in rules adopted under chapter 182 "Intoxicating substance" has the meaning given in section 169A.03, subdivision 11a.
  - (e) "Qualified prior driving offense" includes a prior conviction:
  - (1) for a violation of section 169A.20 under the circumstances described in section 169A.24 or 169A.25;

- (2) under section 609.2112, subdivision 1, clauses (2) to (6); 609.2113, subdivision 1, clauses (2) to (6); 2, clauses (2) to (6); or 3, clauses (2) to (6); or 609.2114, subdivision 1, clauses (2) to (6); or 2, clauses (2) to (6);
  - (3) under Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 609.21, subdivision 1, clauses (2) to (6); or
- (4) under Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 609.21, subdivision 1, clauses (2) to (6); 2, clauses (2) to (6); 2a, clauses (2) to (6); 2b, clauses (2) to (6); 3, clauses (2) to (6); or 4, clauses (2) to (6).

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 609.2112, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Criminal vehicular homicide.** (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), a person is guilty of criminal vehicular homicide and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than ten years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$20,000, or both, if the person causes the death of a human being not constituting murder or manslaughter as a result of operating a motor vehicle:

- (1) in a grossly negligent manner;
- (2) in a negligent manner while under the influence of:
- (i) alcohol;
- (ii) a controlled substance; or
- (iii) any combination of those elements;
- (3) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more;
- (4) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, as measured within two hours of the time of driving;
- (5) in a negligent manner while knowingly under the influence of a hazardous an intoxicating substance;
- (6) in a negligent manner while any amount of a controlled substance listed in Schedule I or II, or its metabolite, other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, is present in the person's body;
- (7) where the driver who causes the collision leaves the scene of the collision in violation of section 169.09, subdivision 1 or 6; or
- (8) where the driver had actual knowledge that a peace officer had previously issued a citation or warning that the motor vehicle was defectively maintained, the driver had actual knowledge that remedial action was not taken, the driver had reason to know that the defect created a present danger to others, and the death was caused by the defective maintenance.
- (b) If a person is sentenced under paragraph (a) for a violation under paragraph (a), clauses (2) to (6), occurring within ten years of a qualified prior driving offense, the statutory maximum sentence of imprisonment is 15 years.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 609.2113, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Great bodily harm.** A person is guilty of criminal vehicular operation resulting in great bodily harm and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than five years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$10,000, or both, if the person causes great bodily harm to another not constituting attempted murder or assault as a result of operating a motor vehicle:

- (1) in a grossly negligent manner;
- (2) in a negligent manner while under the influence of:
- (i) alcohol;
- (ii) a controlled substance; or
- (iii) any combination of those elements;
- (3) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more;
- (4) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, as measured within two hours of the time of driving;
- (5) in a negligent manner while knowingly under the influence of a hazardous an intoxicating substance;
- (6) in a negligent manner while any amount of a controlled substance listed in Schedule I or II, or its metabolite, other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, is present in the person's body;
- (7) where the driver who causes the accident leaves the scene of the accident in violation of section 169.09, subdivision 1 or 6; or
- (8) where the driver had actual knowledge that a peace officer had previously issued a citation or warning that the motor vehicle was defectively maintained, the driver had actual knowledge that remedial action was not taken, the driver had reason to know that the defect created a present danger to others, and the injury was caused by the defective maintenance.

- Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 609.2113, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Substantial bodily harm.** A person is guilty of criminal vehicular operation resulting in substantial bodily harm and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than three years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$10,000, or both, if the person causes substantial bodily harm to another as a result of operating a motor vehicle:
  - (1) in a grossly negligent manner;
  - (2) in a negligent manner while under the influence of:
  - (i) alcohol;
  - (ii) a controlled substance; or
  - (iii) any combination of those elements;

- (3) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more;
- (4) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, as measured within two hours of the time of driving;
- (5) in a negligent manner while knowingly under the influence of a hazardous an intoxicating substance;
- (6) in a negligent manner while any amount of a controlled substance listed in Schedule I or II, or its metabolite, other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, is present in the person's body;
- (7) where the driver who causes the accident leaves the scene of the accident in violation of section 169.09, subdivision 1 or 6; or
- (8) where the driver had actual knowledge that a peace officer had previously issued a citation or warning that the motor vehicle was defectively maintained, the driver had actual knowledge that remedial action was not taken, the driver had reason to know that the defect created a present danger to others, and the injury was caused by the defective maintenance.

- Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 609.2113, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Bodily harm.** A person is guilty of criminal vehicular operation resulting in bodily harm and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than one year or to payment of a fine of not more than \$3,000, or both, if the person causes bodily harm to another as a result of operating a motor vehicle:
  - (1) in a grossly negligent manner;
  - (2) in a negligent manner while under the influence of:
  - (i) alcohol;
  - (ii) a controlled substance; or
  - (iii) any combination of those elements;
  - (3) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more;
  - (4) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, as measured within two hours of the time of driving;
  - (5) in a negligent manner while knowingly under the influence of a hazardous an intoxicating substance;
- (6) in a negligent manner while any amount of a controlled substance listed in Schedule I or II, or its metabolite, other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, is present in the person's body;
- (7) where the driver who causes the accident leaves the scene of the accident in violation of section 169.09, subdivision 1 or 6; or
- (8) where the driver had actual knowledge that a peace officer had previously issued a citation or warning that the motor vehicle was defectively maintained, the driver had actual knowledge that remedial action was not taken, the driver had reason to know that the defect created a present danger to others, and the injury was caused by the defective maintenance.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 609.2114, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Death to an unborn child.** (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), a person is guilty of criminal vehicular operation resulting in death to an unborn child and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than ten years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$20,000, or both, if the person causes the death of an unborn child as a result of operating a motor vehicle:

- (1) in a grossly negligent manner;
- (2) in a negligent manner while under the influence of:
- (i) alcohol;
- (ii) a controlled substance; or
- (iii) any combination of those elements;
- (3) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more;
- (4) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, as measured within two hours of the time of driving;
- (5) in a negligent manner while knowingly under the influence of a hazardous an intoxicating substance;
- (6) in a negligent manner while any amount of a controlled substance listed in Schedule I or II, or its metabolite, other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, is present in the person's body;
- (7) where the driver who causes the accident leaves the scene of the accident in violation of section 169.09, subdivision 1 or 6; or
- (8) where the driver had actual knowledge that a peace officer had previously issued a citation or warning that the motor vehicle was defectively maintained, the driver had actual knowledge that remedial action was not taken, the driver had reason to know that the defect created a present danger to others, and the injury was caused by the defective maintenance.
- (b) If a person is sentenced under paragraph (a) for a violation under paragraph (a), clauses (2) to (6), occurring within ten years of a qualified prior driving offense, the statutory maximum sentence of imprisonment is 15 years.

- Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 609.2114, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Injury to an unborn child.** A person is guilty of criminal vehicular operation resulting in injury to an unborn child and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than five years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$10,000, or both, if the person causes the great bodily harm to an unborn child subsequently born alive as a result of operating a motor vehicle:
  - (1) in a grossly negligent manner;
  - (2) in a negligent manner while under the influence of:
  - (i) alcohol;

- (ii) a controlled substance; or
- (iii) any combination of those elements;
- (3) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more;
- (4) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, as measured within two hours of the time of driving;
- (5) in a negligent manner while knowingly under the influence of a hazardous an intoxicating substance;
- (6) in a negligent manner while any amount of a controlled substance listed in Schedule I or II, or its metabolite, other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, is present in the person's body;
- (7) where the driver who causes the accident leaves the scene of the accident in violation of section 169.09, subdivision 1 or 6; or
- (8) where the driver had actual knowledge that a peace officer had previously issued a citation or warning that the motor vehicle was defectively maintained, the driver had actual knowledge that remedial action was not taken, the driver had reason to know that the defect created a present danger to others, and the injury was caused by the defective maintenance.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 624.7142, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Acts prohibited.** A person may not carry a pistol on or about the person's clothes or person in a public place:

- (1) when the person is under the influence of a controlled substance, as defined in section 152.01, subdivision 4;
- (2) when the person is under the influence of a combination of any two or more of the elements named in clauses (1) and (4);
- (3) when the person is knowingly under the influence of any chemical compound or combination of chemical compounds that is listed as a hazardous substance in rules adopted under section 182.655 and that affects the nervous system, brain, or muscles of the person so as to impair the person's clearness of intellect or physical control an intoxicating substance as defined in section 169A.03, subdivision 11a;
  - (4) when the person is under the influence of alcohol;
  - (5) when the person's alcohol concentration is 0.10 or more; or
  - (6) when the person's alcohol concentration is less than 0.10, but more than 0.04.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to public safety; modifying the schedules of controlled substances; providing penalties for sale or possession of kratom; modifying DWI law by including other types of intoxicating substances and striking references to hazardous substances; amending Minnesota Statutes 2016, sections 97B.065, subdivision 1;

152.02, subdivision 5; 152.027, by adding a subdivision; 169A.03, by adding a subdivision; 169A.20, subdivisions 1, 1a, 1b, 1c; 169A.45, subdivision 1; 169A.51, subdivisions 1, 7; 169A.52, subdivision 2; 169A.76; 360.0752, subdivisions 1, 2, 5, 7; 360.0753, subdivision 6; 609.2111; 609.2112, subdivision 1; 609.2113, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 609.2114, subdivisions 1, 2; 624.7142, subdivision 1; Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, sections 152.02, subdivision 2; 169A.51, subdivision 4; 360.0753, subdivisions 2, 3; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 169A.03, subdivision 9."

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

The Speaker called Garofalo to the Chair.

S. F. No. 2578, A bill for an act relating to public safety; modifying the schedules of controlled substances; criminalizing certain acts involving kratom; modifying the DWI law by including other types of intoxicating substances and striking references to hazardous substances; amending Minnesota Statutes 2016, sections 97B.065, subdivision 1; 152.02, subdivision 5; 152.027, by adding a subdivision; 169A.03, by adding a subdivision; 169A.45, subdivision 1; 169A.51, subdivisions 1, 7; 169A.52, subdivision 2; 169A.63, by adding a subdivision; 169A.76; 360.0752, subdivisions 1, 2, 5, 7; 360.0753, subdivision 6; 609.2111; 609.2112, subdivision 1; 609.2113, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 609.2114, subdivisions 1, 2; 624.7142, subdivision 1; Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, sections 152.02, subdivision 2; 169A.51, subdivision 4; 169A.55, subdivision 2; 171.29, subdivision 1; 360.0753, subdivisions 2, 3; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 169A.03, subdivision 9.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended, and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 123 yeas and 3 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Albright	Davnie	Hansen	Loeffler	Nornes	Schultz
Allen	Dean, M.	Hausman	Lohmer	O'Driscoll	Scott
Anderson, P.	Dehn, R.	Heintzeman	Loon	Olson	Smith
Anderson, S.	Dettmer	Hertaus	Loonan	O'Neill	Sundin
Anselmo	Drazkowski	Hoppe	Lucero	Pelowski	Swedzinski
Applebaum	Ecklund	Hornstein	Lueck	Peppin	Theis
Backer	Erickson	Hortman	Mahoney	Petersburg	Torkelson
Bahr, C.	Fabian	Howe	Mariani	Peterson	Uglem
Baker	Fenton	Jessup	Marquart	Pierson	Urdahl
Barr, R.	Fischer	Johnson, B.	Masin	Pinto	Vogel
Becker-Finn	Flanagan	Johnson, C.	Maye Quade	Poppe	Wagenius
Bennett	Franke	Jurgens	McDonald	Poston	Ward
Bernardy	Franson	Kiel	Metsa	Pryor	West
Bly	Garofalo	Knoblach	Miller	Pugh	Whelan
Carlson, A.	Green	Koegel	Moran	Quam	Wills
Carlson, L.	Grossell	Koznick	Murphy, E.	Rarick	Youakim
Christensen	Gruenhagen	Kunesh-Podein	Murphy, M.	Rosenthal	Zerwas
Clark	Gunther	Layman	Nash	Runbeck	Spk. Daudt
Considine	Haley	Lee	Nelson	Sandstede	
Daniels	Halverson	Lesch	Neu	Sauke	
Davids	Hamilton	Lien	Newberger	Schomacker	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Kresha Munson Omar

The bill was passed, as amended, and its title agreed to.

S. F. No. 2554, A bill for an act relating to public safety; requiring collection of information on the connection between pornography and sex trafficking; expanding the authorized penalty assessment to include additional crimes; amending Minnesota Statutes 2016, sections 299A.785, subdivision 1; 609.3241; 609.5315, subdivision 5b.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 127 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Albright	Dean, M.	Heintzeman	Lohmer	O'Driscoll	Scott
Allen	Dehn, R.	Hertaus	Loon	Olson	Smith
Anderson, P.	Dettmer	Hoppe	Loonan	Omar	Sundin
Anderson, S.	Drazkowski	Hornstein	Lucero	O'Neill	Swedzinski
Anselmo	Ecklund	Hortman	Lueck	Pelowski	Theis
Applebaum	Erickson	Howe	Mahoney	Peppin	Torkelson
Backer	Fabian	Jessup	Mariani	Petersburg	Uglem
Bahr, C.	Fenton	Johnson, B.	Marquart	Peterson	Urdahl
Baker	Fischer	Johnson, C.	Masin	Pierson	Vogel
Barr, R.	Flanagan	Jurgens	Maye Quade	Pinto	Wagenius
Becker-Finn	Franke	Kiel	McDonald	Poppe	Ward
Bennett	Franson	Knoblach	Metsa	Poston	West
Bernardy	Garofalo	Koegel	Miller	Pryor	Whelan
Bly	Green	Koznick	Moran	Pugh	Wills
Carlson, A.	Grossell	Kresha	Munson	Quam	Youakim
Carlson, L.	Gruenhagen	Kunesh-Podein	Murphy, E.	Rarick	Zerwas
Christensen	Gunther	Layman	Murphy, M.	Rosenthal	Spk. Daudt
Clark	Haley	Lee	Nash	Runbeck	-
Considine	Halverson	Lesch	Nelson	Sandstede	
Daniels	Hamilton	Liebling	Neu	Sauke	
Davids	Hansen	Lien	Newberger	Schomacker	
Davnie	Hausman	Loeffler	Nornes	Schultz	

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

Becker-Finn was excused for the remainder of today's session.

S. F. No. 1694, A bill for an act relating to the military; designating June 29 as General John Vessey Day; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 10.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 126 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Albright	Dean, M.	Hausman	Lien	Neu	Sandstede
Allen	Dehn, R.	Heintzeman	Loeffler	Newberger	Sauke
Anderson, P.	Dettmer	Hertaus	Lohmer	Nornes	Schomacker
Anderson, S.	Drazkowski	Hoppe	Loon	O'Driscoll	Schultz
Anselmo	Ecklund	Hornstein	Loonan	Olson	Scott
Applebaum	Erickson	Hortman	Lucero	Omar	Smith
Backer	Fabian	Howe	Lueck	O'Neill	Sundin
Bahr, C.	Fenton	Jessup	Mahoney	Pelowski	Swedzinski
Baker	Fischer	Johnson, B.	Mariani	Peppin	Theis
Barr, R.	Flanagan	Johnson, C.	Marquart	Petersburg	Torkelson
Bennett	Franke	Jurgens	Masin	Peterson	Uglem
Bernardy	Franson	Kiel	Maye Quade	Pierson	Urdahl
Bly	Garofalo	Knoblach	McDonald	Pinto	Vogel
Carlson, A.	Green	Koegel	Metsa	Poppe	Wagenius
Carlson, L.	Grossell	Koznick	Miller	Poston	Ward
Christensen	Gruenhagen	Kresha	Moran	Pryor	West
Clark	Gunther	Kunesh-Podein	Munson	Pugh	Whelan
Considine	Haley	Layman	Murphy, E.	Quam	Wills
Daniels	Halverson	Lee	Murphy, M.	Rarick	Youakim
Davids	Hamilton	Lesch	Nash	Rosenthal	Zerwas
Davnie	Hansen	Liebling	Nelson	Runbeck	Spk. Daudt

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

S. F. No. 3793, A bill for an act relating to local government; modifying counties competitive bidding; amending Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 471.345, by adding a subdivision.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 126 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Albright	Carlson, L.	Fenton	Hausman	Koznick	Mahoney
Allen	Christensen	Fischer	Heintzeman	Kresha	Mariani
Anderson, P.	Clark	Flanagan	Hertaus	Kunesh-Podein	Marquart
Anderson, S.	Considine	Franke	Hoppe	Layman	Masin
Anselmo	Daniels	Franson	Hornstein	Lee	Maye Quade
Applebaum	Davids	Garofalo	Hortman	Lesch	McDonald
Backer	Davnie	Green	Howe	Liebling	Metsa
Bahr, C.	Dean, M.	Grossell	Jessup	Lien	Miller
Baker	Dehn, R.	Gruenhagen	Johnson, B.	Loeffler	Moran
Barr, R.	Dettmer	Gunther	Johnson, C.	Lohmer	Munson
Bennett	Drazkowski	Haley	Jurgens	Loon	Murphy, E.
Bernardy	Ecklund	Halverson	Kiel	Loonan	Murphy, M.
Bly	Erickson	Hamilton	Knoblach	Lucero	Nash
Carlson, A.	Fabian	Hansen	Koegel	Lueck	Nelson

Neu	Pelowski	Poston	Sandstede	Swedzinski	Ward
Newberger	Peppin	Pryor	Sauke	Theis	West
Nornes	Petersburg	Pugh	Schomacker	Torkelson	Whelan
O'Driscoll	Peterson	Quam	Schultz	Uglem	Wills
Olson	Pierson	Rarick	Scott	Urdahl	Youakim
Omar	Pinto	Rosenthal	Smith	Vogel	Zerwas
O'Neill	Poppe	Runbeck	Sundin	Wagenius	Spk. Daudt

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

There being no objection, the order of business reverted to Messages from the Senate.

## MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

The following messages were received from the Senate:

# Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned:

H. F. No. 2982, A bill for an act relating to agricultural data; classifying agricultural research data maintained by the University of Minnesota; amending Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 13.643, subdivision 7.

CAL R. LUDEMAN, Secretary of the Senate

# Mr. Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendments the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 3265, A bill for an act relating to human services; modifying child foster care training requirements; establishing a foster care sibling bill of rights; amending Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 245A.175; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 260C.

CAL R. LUDEMAN, Secretary of the Senate

Bennett moved that the House refuse to concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 3265, that the Speaker appoint a Conference Committee of 3 members of the House, and that the House requests that a like committee be appointed by the Senate to confer on the disagreeing votes of the two houses. The motion prevailed.

## ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced the appointment of the following members of the House to a Conference Committee on H. F. No. 3265:

Kresha, Bennett and Halverson.

## MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS

Runbeck moved that the name of Jessup be added as an author on H. F. No. 3013. The motion prevailed.

Anderson, S., moved that the name of Lueck be added as an author on H. F. No. 3893. The motion prevailed.

Clark moved that the name of Franke be added as an author on H. F. No. 4132. The motion prevailed.

Anderson, P., moved that the name of Jurgens be added as an author on H. F. No. 4395. The motion prevailed.

Anderson, S., moved that the name of Whelan be added as an author on H. F. No. 4473. The motion prevailed.

Anderson, S., moved that the name of Whelan be added as an author on H. F. No. 4474. The motion prevailed.

Bernardy moved that the name of Sandstede be added as an author on H. F. No. 4492. The motion prevailed.

Loonan moved that H. F. No. 3567, now on the Calendar for the Day, be re-referred to the Committee on Commerce and Regulatory Reform. The motion prevailed.

Lee, Hamilton, Ward, Mahoney and Liebling introduced:

House Resolution No. 7, A House resolution celebrating the month of May as Asian Pacific American Heritage Month.

The resolution was referred to the Committee on Rules and Legislative Administration.

## **ADJOURNMENT**

Peppin moved that when the House adjourns today it adjourn until 10:00 a.m., Monday, May 14, 2018. The motion prevailed.

Peppin moved that the House adjourn. The motion prevailed, and Speaker pro tempore Garofalo declared the House stands adjourned until 10:00 a.m., Monday, May 14, 2018.

PATRICK D. MURPHY, Chief Clerk, House of Representatives